

Langfield, T, Clarke, K, Marty, L, Jones, A and Robinson, E

Socioeconomic position and the influence of food portion size on daily energy intake in adult females: two randomized controlled trials

<https://researchonline.ljmu.ac.uk/id/eprint/19481/>

Article

Citation (please note it is advisable to refer to the publisher's version if you intend to cite from this work)

Langfield, T ORCID logoORCID: <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0552-1019>, Clarke, K, Marty, L, Jones, A and Robinson, E (2023) Socioeconomic position and the influence of food portion size on daily energy intake in adult females: two randomized controlled trials. International Journal of

LJMU has developed [LJMU Research Online](#) for users to access the research output of the University more effectively. Copyright © and Moral Rights for the papers on this site are retained by the individual authors and/or other copyright owners. Users may download and/or print one copy of any article(s) in LJMU Research Online to facilitate their private study or for non-commercial research. You may not engage in further distribution of the material or use it for any profit-making activities or any commercial gain.

The version presented here may differ from the published version or from the version of the record. Please see the repository URL above for details on accessing the published version and note that access may require a subscription.

For more information please contact researchonline@ljmu.ac.uk

CORRECTION

Open Access



Correction: Socioeconomic position and the influence of food portion size on daily energy intake in adult females: two randomized controlled trials

Tess Langfeld¹, Katie Clarke¹, Lucile Marty², Andrew Jones¹ and Eric Robinson^{1*}

Correction: *Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act* 20: 53 (2023)
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12966-023-01453-x>

Following publication of the original article [1], the authors identified an error in Fig. 2. The correct figure is given below.

The original article [1] has been corrected.

The original article can be found online at <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12966-023-01453-x>.

*Correspondence:

Eric Robinson
eric.robinson@liverpool.ac.uk

¹ Department of Psychological Sciences, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, UK

² Centre Des Sciences Du Goût Et de L'Alimentation, CNRS, INRAE Institut Agro Université Bourgogne Franche-Comté, 21000 Dijon, France



© The Author(s) 2023. **Open Access** This article is licensed under a Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License, which permits use, sharing, adaptation, distribution and reproduction in any medium or format, as long as you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons licence, and indicate if changes were made. The images or other third party material in this article are included in the article's Creative Commons licence, unless indicated otherwise in a credit line to the material. If material is not included in the article's Creative Commons licence and your intended use is not permitted by statutory regulation or exceeds the permitted use, you will need to obtain permission directly from the copyright holder. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. The Creative Commons Public Domain Dedication waiver (<http://creativecommons.org/publicdomain/zero/1.0/>) applies to the data made available in this article, unless otherwise stated in a credit line to the data.

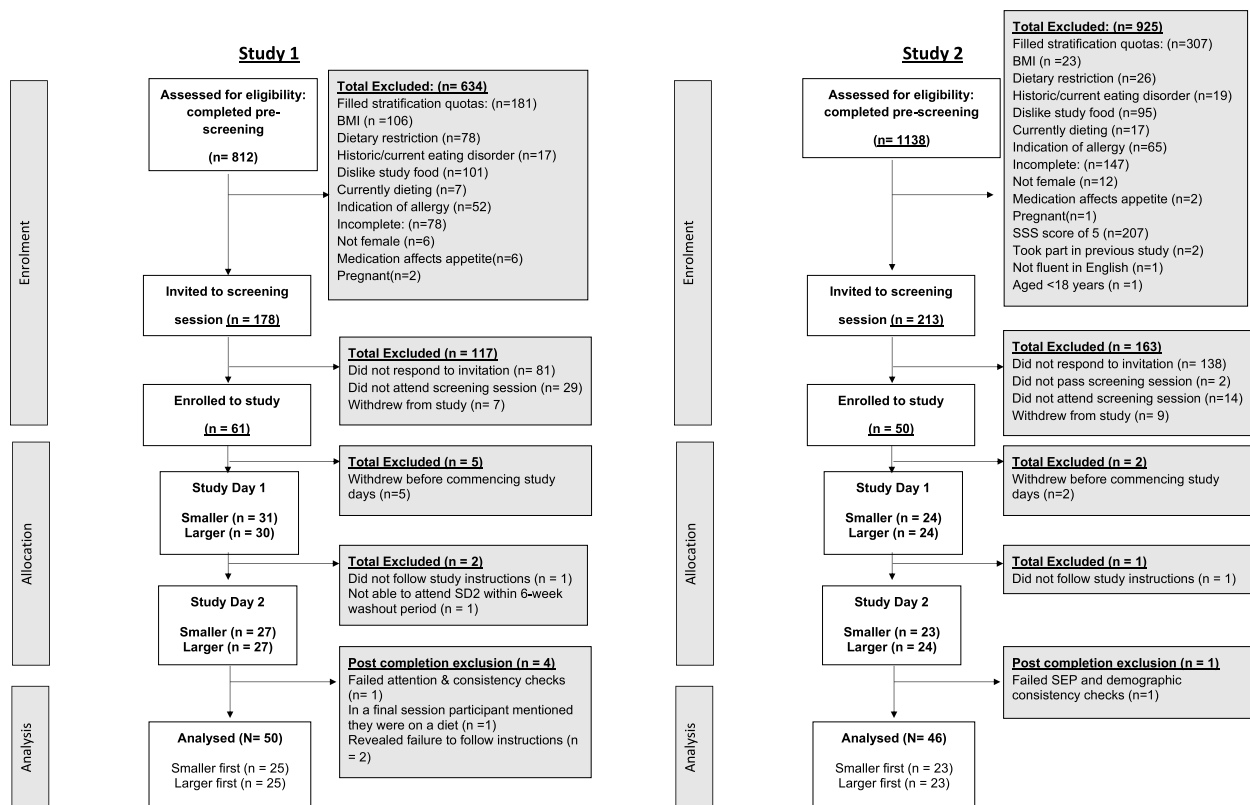


Fig. 2 CONSORT flowchart for participant enrolment, allocation, and analysis for Study 1 (left panel) and Study 2 (right panel). Figure legend. Attention checks were included in online questionnaires (e.g., “When did you last visit the Moon”). Consistency checks were also included in online questionnaires (e.g., verifying highest educational qualification)

Published online: 04 August 2023

Reference

1. Langfeld, et al. Socioeconomic position and the influence of food portion size on daily energy intake in adult females: two randomized controlled trials. *Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act.* 2023;20:53. <https://doi.org/10.1186/s12966-023-01453-x>.