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Jackman, P, Whitehead, A, Swann, C and Brick, N

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Supplementary File 1: Event-Focused Interview Guide

Background questions

- a) Can you tell me about your background and journey in running?
- b) Can you tell me about your current level of training?
- c) What is would you consider your biggest achievement in the sport?

Overall race description:

Next, I will focus on the event that you have just taken part in.

- d) Can you describe the race?
- e) How long ago did it finish?
- f) How long did the activity last?
- g) What were your general reflections after the activity?

Chronological description of the activity

At this point, we will turn to discussing the race and your performance.

- h) From start-to-finish, can you explain how the race unfolded?

***Make notes of how the participant describes the race, noting turning points. Paraphrase this and clarify this with participant before continuing.*

Chronological description of their experience

Now that we have developed a description of the race, we will turn our attention now to your experience before, during, and after this performance, taking into account the different phases in the race you have identified.

Pre-Race

- i) First, can you tell me about the build up to the performance? What was it like? What were you hoping to achieve in the race?

During Race – repeat for each section

- j) I would like to take you back to [stage]. What were you thinking about in this stage? (If this is different to previous, explore with another question)
- k) How were you feeling in this stage? (If this is different to previous, explore with another question)
- l) What were you trying to achieve in this stage? (If this is different to previous, explore with another question)
- m) [if a turning point] Can you tell me how you responded to that?

Post-Race – repeat for each section

- n) What was it like after the race? How were you feeling?
- o) Reflecting back now, can you tell me how you feel about the performance?

Conclusion

- p) Is there anything further you wish to add before finishing?

Supplementary File 2: Time-Ordered Matrix Template

Table 1

Time-ordered matrix used to analyse individual races

Categories	Race stage	Race stage	Race stage
Desired future (i.e., the goal the runner was pursuing)			
Present reality (e.g., stage of race, goal progress, current/potential/anticipated obstacles, thoughts/feelings/behaviours)			
Goal-attainment expectancy (i.e., perceived expectation of success)			
Goal-striving decision (i.e., persistence, disengagement, or disengagement and re-engagement)			
Additional notes			

Supplementary File 3: Example Annotated Timelines

Figure 1

Example annotated timelines with information on participants' experiences and goal decisions

5-kilometre Runner 1

Goal: Specific performance goal (specific time)	0.0	Positive GPD Persist 1.0	No GPD Persist 2.0	No GPD Persist 3.5	Negative GPD Persist 4.0	No GPD Persist 4.6
	Too quick first 1k; "hanging on"; doubt; pressure; feels hard	Relaxation; reassuring self-talk; settled into pack pace	Stay in the pack; comfortable; confident; feels easy to run + focus; in rhythm	Feels harder; pace of pack slows	Discomfort; feels hard; up effort; focus on pace, chunking, other runner, self-talk	Discomfort, high effort; confident; focus on support, chunking, other runner, self-talk

Mountain Runner 1 (~ 30 minutes)

Goal: Non-specific outcome goal ("solid result")	No GPD Persist 0.0	No GPD Persist 0.4	No GPD Adjust → Win the race 2.5	Negative GPD Adjust → do-your-best to the finish 4.2
	Fast start; relaxed; felt good; focus on getting into top-3 before climb	Narrow, steep climb; legs hurting, breathing heavier; feels harder, but feeling good; focus on footing	Flatter stretch, confident; feeling good; decide to increase pace and split the group	Body feels good; watching and sticking with other runner; up effort; feels harder but confident; focus on lines, chunking, pace, self-talk
				Winner moves away; hurting, maximal effort; focus on finishing strong, self-talk

10-kilometre Runner 1

Goal: Process goal (be competitive)	0.0	No GPD Persist 1.5	No GPD Persist 3.0	No GPD Adjust → Podium 5.0	No GPD Persist 7.0	No GPD Persist 9.6
	Fast start; focus on self, self-talk, relaxing	Settle into group; tolerable pace; enjoy being in a race; not focused on body or time	Shelter from wind and feeling good; focus on tucking into group and minimizing effort exerted	Confident; feeling good; focus on increasing pace for a spurt at 5 (and again at 6)	Pull away from group; support from coach; focus on runner ahead, relaxing, imagining past runs, distance "to go", chunking, self-talk	Maximal effort; focus on technique, relaxation

Half-marathon Runner 1

Goal: Specific performance goal (specific time)	0.0	No GPD Persist 6.4	No GPD Persist 12.8	No GPD Persist 16.8	No GPD Persist 17.6

Half-marathon Runner 1

Goal: Specific performance goal (specific time)	0.0	No GPD Persist 6.4	No GPD Persist 12.8	No GPD Persist 16.8	No GPD Persist 17.6
	Focus on pacer, switching off, relaxation; feeling good; running to but not over the edge	Feels like 90% effort; sheltering from wind; focus on sticking with pacer and dropping off if too quick	Pacer drops off; feeling confident	Pacer returns; Pacer drops off; cue to dig deep and effort increases; feels more difficult physically and mentally; focus on pace, other runners	Tension, discomfort; feels difficult but tolerable; focus on pace, other runners ahead, relaxing shoulders, open process goal (effort)

Marathon Runner 2

Goal: Specific performance goal (specific time)	0.0	No GPD Persist 22.5	No GPD Persist 29.0	Negative GPD Adjust → Podium + best possible time 36.8	No GPD Persist 41.2
	No discomfort; running feels good, easy, and enjoying the run; focused on sticking to specific pace	Headwind, uphill; higher effort, feels harder; focus on other runners (although lonely), chunking, self-talk	Slight downhill; feel confident; focus on pace, other runners, support	Discomfort; feels hard; doubts; focus on other runners, self-talk, support	Discomfort; feels hard, not feeling good; focus on support, finish, other runners

Notes: Goal = main goal set pre-performance; GPD = goal performance discrepancy; adjust = disengage from previous goal and re-engage with alternative goal. Distance in kilometres.

Supplementary File 4: Meta-Matrix Template

Table 1

Example of meta-matrix for cross-case analysis of runners who reported negative goal-performance discrepancy (negative goal-performance discrepancy [GPD]) and reported disengagement and reengagement

Categories	Ultra-marathon Runner 3	Marathon Runner 2
Desired future (i.e., the goal the runner was pursuing)	Specific-performance goal (A-goal) within a tiered goal <i>Stage: 18 hours (75%)</i>	Specific-performance goal <i>Stage: 23 miles (88%)</i>
	<i>Progress: Negative goal-performance discrepancy</i>	<i>Progress: Negative goal-performance discrepancy</i>
Present reality (e.g., stage of race, goal progress, current/potential/anticipated obstacles, thoughts/feelings/behaviours)	<i>Obstacles</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Feelings of discomfort, heaviness, fatigue • Feels hard; knowing you need to engage control/coping strategies to cope; knowing your A-goal is not achievable • Not feeling as good as earlier in race 	<i>Obstacles</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discomfort, fatigue, high effort • Feels hard; knowing you need to engage control; knowing that goal being pursued is not achievable • Not feeling as good as earlier in race
Goal-attainment expectancy (i.e., perceived expectation of success)	Unattainable	Unattainable
Goal-striving decision (i.e., persistence, disengagement, or disengagement and re-engagement)	Disengage and re-engage with B-goal; prepared for this due to having a tiered goal set before the performance	Disengage and re-engage with alternative goal; run the best possible time in the circumstances and finish in the top-5
Additional notes	<i>After switching goal</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retains motivation to accomplish / achieve goal for support team / to beat other runners • Focus on technique (strides), increase pace, fuelling / and after that – self-talk, support, catching/sticking with other runners, distance to go • Negative GPD + goal is unattainable → disengage 	<i>After switching goal</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motivation to accomplish / to beat other runners / Want to reach the end • Focus on social support, self-talk, catching other runners • Negative GPD + goal is unattainable → disengage

Supplementary File 5: Summary of Analysis and Member Reflections

Table 1

Summary of analysis and member reflections

Stage	Process	Description
1. Within-case analysis	Familiarisation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read each transcript multiple times. • Made notes on areas of interest. • Create a timeline for each runner, building on a sketch made during each interview.
	Preliminary coding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Code segments of text capturing each runner's goals, goal-striving decisions, and self-regulatory processes in a small number of transcripts. • Recognise that coding is needed for information about goal progress for each goal-striving decision. • Engage with literature on goal revision and in critical discussions with co-authors. Decide to draw upon the tripartite model of goal striving (Ntoumanis & Sedikides, 2018) and MCII (Oettingen, 2012).
	Analysis of transcripts and organisation in time-ordered matrices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Time-ordered matrix 'finalised'. Each column represents a stage of the race, while the four rows represent the four categories capturing areas of analytic interest: (1) <i>desired future</i> (i.e., goal type); (2) descriptions of, and obstacles (e.g., internal, external, potential) in, the <i>present reality</i> (e.g., goal-performance discrepancy [GPD], race stage, and perceived physical condition); (3) <i>goal-attainment expectancy</i>; and (4) <i>goal-striving decisions</i> (i.e., persist or disengage and re-engage with an alternative). • Each transcript coded in accordance with the four categories for each stage of the runner's race. Abductive approach used for <i>desired future</i> and <i>present reality</i> categories. Deductive approach used for <i>goal-attainment expectancy</i> and <i>goal-striving decision</i> categories based on past literature (Ntoumanis & Sedikides, 2018; Oettingen, 2012). • Fifth row added to each matrix to document within-person patterns over time (e.g., changes from one goal type to another) and processual links between categories (e.g., no GPD + high expectation of success → goal persistence) (Miles & Huberman, 1994)
	Member reflections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Each participant sent their race-analysis summary, asked if the interpretation was recognisable, and invited to make changes or additions.

Table 1 (continued)

Summary of analysis and member reflections

2. Cross-case analysis	Construct meta-matrices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Two initial-meta matrices developed. Extract information from columns in the individual time-ordered matrices based on whether the <i>goal-striving decision</i> was to (1) persist with a goal or (2) disengage from a goal and re-engage with an alternative. • Content within the meta-matrices were then further divided based on the GPD within the <i>present reality</i> (i.e., positive GPD, no GPD, or negative GPD). Six meta-matrices subsequently used to organise data: (1a) positive GPD and goal persistence; (1b) no GPD and goal persistence; (1c) negative GPD and goal persistence; (2a) positive GPD and goal disengagement and re-engagement; (2b) positive GPD and goal disengagement and re-engagement; and (2c) positive GPD and goal disengagement and re-engagement.
	Analysis of meta-matrices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Patterns within and across meta-matrices analysed. • Shift between the meta-matrices, time-ordered matrices, and transcripts. • Engage in critical discussions with co-authors.
	Member reflections	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sent participants summary of findings and invite for an additional member-reflection interview. • Ten additional participants take part in external member-reflection interviews. • Further development of analysis.
3. Representation	Write up	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write up of findings. • Develop visual display.
4. Further development of analysis	Acting on feedback from peer reviewers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Further development of analysis, write up, and visual display through the peer review process.

Supplementary File 6: Overview of Pre-Performance Set Goals and Goal-Striving Decisions for Runners Across the Sample

Table 1

Summary of main goals set by participants before performances, and goal striving and goal revision decisions made in the race.

Participant pseudonym	Goal setting pre-performance ¹ Main goal set before race	Goal striving and goal revision in performances (revised goal ²)					
		Goal persistence			Goal disengagement and reengagement (revised goal)		
		Negative-GPD	No-GPD	Positive-GPD	Negative-GPD	No-GPD	Positive-GPD
5-kilometre Runner 1	Specific performance-goal	X	X	X			
5-kilometre Runner 2	Specific performance-goal	X	X				
5-kilometre Runner 3	Non-specific performance-goal			X			X (S-P, NS-P)
Mountain Runner 1 (~30 minutes ³)	Non-specific outcome-goal		X			X (S-O)	
8-kilometre Runner 1	Specific performance-goal		X				
8-kilometre Runner 2	Flexible performance-goal		X	X			
10-kilometre Runner 1	Process goal		X			X (S-O*)	
10-kilometre Runner 2	Specific outcome-goal		X	X			
10-kilometre Runner 3	Specific outcome-goal		X				
10-kilometre Runner 4	Non-specific performance-goal		X			X (S-P)	X (S-O)
Half-marathon Runner 1	Specific performance-goal		X				
Half-marathon Runner 2	Non-specific performance-goal		X			X (S-P, S-O)	X (↑ S-O)
Half-marathon Runner 3	Flexible performance-goal		X	X			
Half-marathon Runner 4	Specific performance-goal		X				
Half-marathon Runner 5	Specific outcome-goal		X				
Marathon Runner 1	Flexible performance-goal		X				
Marathon Runner 2	Specific performance-goal		X			X (S-O, NS-P)	
Ultra-Runner 1 (Elimination race ⁴)	Flexible performance-goal		X			X (disengage ⁵)	X (S-P)
Ultra-Runner 2 (24-hour race)	Flexible performance-goal		X				X (S-O)
Ultra-Runner 3 (24-hour race)	Flexible performance-goal		X			X (B-goal)	X (S-O*)
Ultra-Runner 4 (33-mile race)	Process goal		X	X			X (S-O)

Notes: (1) A full breakdown of goals set before performances for each runner is presented in Supplementary File 6; (2) Abbreviations and symbols used as follows for goals performers re-engaged with: A-goal = most difficult goal in tiered performance goal; B-goal = second most difficult goal in tiered performance goal; GPD = goal-performance discrepancy; NS = non-specific; O = outcome; P = performance; Pr. = process; S = specific; * both runners described setting these goals pre-performance, but initially prioritised other goals; ↑ = increase difficulty of a goal; (3) This race was a vertical running race (i.e., the race only goes uphill); (4) A race in which runners run a certain distance (e.g., just over four miles) on the hour every hour for as long as possible; (5) Runner withdrew due to injury.

Supplementary File 7: Additional information on analysis for categorising goals set across the sample

Table 1

Codes, sub-categories, and categories for goals set before performances by the runners.

Example raw-data codes	Codes	Sub-categories	Categories
I was hoping to just get that third win (10-kilometre Runner 2).	Specific position-goal	Specific outcome goal	Outcome goal
I was like, "OK, maybe I could do all right and I'd really like to podium, but we'll just see" (10-kilometre Runner 1).	Specific position-goal with open goal	Flexible outcome goal	
I wanted to get a solid result (Mountain Runner 1).	Non-specific position-goal	Non-specific outcome goal	
I wanted to run a PB [personal best] (8-kilometre Runner 1).	Specific time-goal	Specific performance goals	Performance goal
I thought "...I am going to give myself a little bit of playroom in terms of my goal and widen it a bit. So 18s would be good, and I narrowed that down a little bit and said 18-18.30 would be great. (5-kilometre Runner 3).	Range performance-goal	Non-specific performance goals	
My end goal was to work as hard as I could for the race. If I could really judge the race perfectly, I was going to get the most out of myself and get the best time I possibly could (Half-marathon Runner 2).	Do-your-best goal		
I wanted to be taken along for the ride and see where I sat with two kilometres to go (10-kilometre Runner 4).	Open performance-goal		
My primary goal was under 90 minutes, secondary goal was to try and get under that 1.27 barrier, which I did (Half-marathon Runner 3).	Tiered time-goal	Flexible performance goals	
I had four targets. I never go into a race with just one goal, because when that A-goal goes, you have nothing to fall back on. Mentally, you have nothing to think about or to focus on, so I had a B-, a C-, and a D-goal (Ultra-Runner 3).	Tiered distance-goal		
People were saying, "you could get over 130 miles" [in a 24-hour track race], but I didn't really want to focus on that too much, I just wanted to see how it went. But I mean ideally, I wanted over 130 miles and then just see how it goes (Ultra-Runner 2).	Specific distance-goal with open goal		
I was hoping to go close to 33 and just do as well as I can (10-kilometre Runner 2).	Specific performance-goal with as-well-as-possible goal		

Table 1 (continued)*Codes, sub-categories, and categories for goals set before performances by the runners.*

Example raw-data codes	Codes	Sub-categories	Categories
I wanted to be in the top-3 going into the first climb because it is so narrow and steep (Mountain 1).	Get into a specific position	Strategic goals	Process goals
If all was going well, I was thinking that at the 10-mile mark, if the race still hasn't been decided, that will be where I will have to try and win it from (Half-marathon Runner 5).	Reach a particular point in the race in contention to win / ahead of others		
I just wanted to be competitive. I just wanted to find that lead group of guys and I just wanted to be in there (10-kilometre Runner 4).	Be competitive		
I had wrote how to win. If we were altogether at the end, then make [name] Road really hard for everybody, and I trust myself that they might falter before I did (10-kilometre Runner 3).	Implement tactical moves at key stages in race		
We were trying to get in between 200 and 250 calories per hour. Starting after the first hour we start taking on some calories (Ultra-Runner 3).	Fuel/hydrate at specific intervals		
I had already planned that scenario out, which I then said, "if you are out on the front on your own, then I have a mantra of "relax, endure, trust yourself", so I had that waiting for me (10-kilometre Runner 3).	Use self-talk if needed (implementation intention)	Use self-talk	
We had planned to run 75 high, 76 seconds a lap (5-kilometre Runner 1).	Specific pace	Pacing goal	
My idea was just to try and when it was flat or downhill or runnable, keep running at pace but where I could, you know, talk if needed (Ultra-Runner 4).	Settle into a comfortable/steady pace		
I ended up getting put in a group that were going for 2.28 pace and I knew that from the very start. But the plan was, go with it and if they end up running too quick straight away, I will fall back (Marathon Runner 1).	Stick to the pace of a group/pacer		
I had written on my hand 10 = 108, because I wanted to go through [10 miles] in 108. (Half-marathon Runner 3).	Reach a particular point in the race in a specific time		
I really focused on my form for the first few laps because if I had done that, I would be able to reduce the fatigue somewhat (5-kilometre 3).	Running form and rhythm	Technical running goals	
I wanted to keep my breathing as relaxed as possible (8-kilometre Runner 1).	Focus on relaxing		
The only thing I was thinking about was which line to take going around corners and just making sure that I put my feet in the right place because it was so wet and slippery (Mountain Runner 1).	Running line		

Table 2*Overview of goals set pre-performance for each individual runner*

Participant	Outcome goal	Performance goal	Process goal
5-kilometer Runner 1	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace for each lap • Position yourself in front of the pacer • Focus on one lap at a time
5-kilometer Runner 2	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Get into the race
5-kilometer Runner 3	None	Non-specific range goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focus on optimising running form and relaxing in the first mile • Specific pace
Mountain Runner 1	Non-specific goal (1)	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Get into top-3 for first ascent • Take the best running line • Manage the effort in the early stages
8-kilometer Runner 1	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relax breathing • Avoid starting too quickly
8-kilometer Runner 2	None	Flexible tiered goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Settle into pace with the group aiming for your time • Use the tailwind to your advantage in the early stages
10-kilometer Runner 1	Flexible – specific goal with open goal	Non-specific range goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be competitive (1) • Finish strong (2) • Reach the 5-kilometer mark and feel okay, picking it up from there • Start off at a steady pace and focus on your own race (avoid going with the overly quick pace of leaders)
10-kilometer Runner 2	Specific goal (1)	Flexible - specific-goal with as-well-as-possible goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Get a position behind another runner to shield from wind • Stick with pace of another runner for as long as possible
10-kilometer Runner 3	Specific goal (1)	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust pace in line with race situation (start quickly if they go quick, control the race if it starts slow) • Use sections with a tailwind/downhill to move away • Be ready to increase effort slowly and pick up the pace at the 4-kilometer mark • If you are out in front, use instructional self-talk mantra (“relax, endure, trust yourself”) • Make uphill sections hard for other runners
10-kilometer Runner 4	None	Non-specific open goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Be competitive and among the leaders • Reach the 5-kilometer mark and feel relaxed • Get yourself into a good position and into the lead group from the start • Avoid starting too quickly
Half-marathon Runner 1	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace • Stick with pacer • Stay relaxed for as long as possible
Half-marathon Runner 2	None	Non-specific do-your-best goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Start at a steady pace • Settle into easy running for first half / manage the effort in the early stages • Feel relaxed / like you can talk in the first 4-5 miles • Get a good position in a group running at desired pace

Note: (1) denotes the goal initially identified as the “main goal” by the runner in the race.

Table 2 (continued)*Overview of goals set pre-performance for each individual runner*

Participant	Outcome goal	Performance goal	Process goal
Half-marathon Runner 3	None	Flexible tiered goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace • Reach the 10-mile mark below a specific time
Half-marathon Runner 4	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace • Get to halfway and feel good
Half-marathon Runner 5	Specific goal (1)	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Go with the pace of the leading group • Reach the 10-mile mark in contention to win
Marathon Runner 1	None	Flexible tiered goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace • Get a good position in a group running at desired pace
Marathon Runner 2	None	Specific goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace
Ultra-Runner 1 (Elimination race)	None	Flexible - specific goal with open goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace and remain consistent on each loop (1) • Fuel/hydrate at specific intervals
Ultra-Runner 2 (24-hour race)	None	Flexible – specific goal with open goal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stay regimented and hold specific pace for first 40 miles, before switching to slower pace (1) • Want to feel good, relaxed, fast in the first 40 miles • Fuel/hydrate at specific intervals • Focus on progress made (rather than what is left)
Ultra-Runner 3 (24-hour race)	Specific goal	Flexible tiered goal (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific pace • 200-250 calories per hour • Focus on the mile you are running
Ultra-Runner 4 (33-mile race)	None	None	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Start at a steady pace and continue running at a talking pace • Get into a good running rhythm • Drink one bottle of fluid by mile-6 and eat something at each checkpoint • Reach the 20-mile mark before other runners (1)

Note: (1) denotes the goal initially identified as the “main goal” by the runner in the race.

Supplementary File 8: Alternative Text for Figure 1

A figure with three horizontal panels divided by broken lines. Each panel contains a visual depicting self-regulatory processes described by participants during goal striving. The figure moves horizontally from left to right.

In the top panel, “Mental contrasting (MC) with implementation intentions (MCII)”, there are two rectangular boxes on the left-hand side, with the top one labelled, “Desired future” and the bottom one labelled, “Present reality”. There is an arrow that points diagonally from these rectangular boxes towards a single oval, which contains the abbreviation “MC/MCII”. There is an arrow from this oval to a rectangular box that contains the words, “Goal attainment-expectancy activated”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to another rectangular box containing the words “Strengthened or weakened goal pursuit”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to a final oval, which contains the words “Goal persistence or disengagement and re-engagement”.

In the middle panel, “Indulging”, there is one rectangular box on the left-hand side labelled, “Desired future”. There is an arrow that points diagonally from this rectangular box towards a single oval, which contains the word “Indulging”. There is an arrow from this oval to a rectangular box that contains the words, “Goal attainment-expectancy not activated”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to another rectangular box containing the words “Unchanged goal pursuit”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to a final oval, which contains the words “Goal persistence”.

In the bottom panel, “Dwelling”, there is one rectangular box on the left-hand side labelled, “Present reality”. There is an arrow that points diagonally from this rectangular box towards a single oval, which contains the word “Dwelling”. There is an arrow from this oval to a rectangular box that contains the words, “Goal attainment-expectancy not activated”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to another rectangular box containing the words

“Unchanged goal pursuit”. There is an arrow from this rectangular box to a final oval, which contains the words “Goal persistence”.