

# **Female reproductive competition explains variation in prenatal investment in wild banded mongooses**

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## Supplementary Information

**Table S1: Factors affecting prenatal investment**

Model terms	Fetus cross-sectional area (fetus size)					Number of fetuses					Total prenatal investment (fetus size x number of fetuses)				
	Effect size $\pm$ SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>	Effect size $\pm$ SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>	Effect size $\pm$ SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>
Female age (months)	-0.12	$\pm$	0.38	0.10	0.75	<b>0.12</b>	$\pm$	<b>0.038</b>	<b>10.36</b>	<b>0.0013</b>	1.8	$\pm$	1.5	1.34	0.25
Female age <sup>2</sup> (months)	-0.0018	$\pm$	0.0042	0.087	0.77	<b>-0.053</b>	$\pm$	<b>0.025</b>	<b>4.81</b>	<b>0.028</b>	0.021	$\pm$	0.016	1.56	0.21
Female weight (g)	0.30	$\pm$	0.10			0.036	$\pm$	0.033	1.19	0.27	<b>0.58</b>	$\pm$	<b>0.16</b>	<b>12.60</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
Rainfall during pregnancy (ml)	1.81	$\pm$	0.70			-0.0079	$\pm$	0.031	0.068	0.80	-0.68	$\pm$	0.85	0.64	0.42
Number of females	-53	$\pm$	57			-0.0094	$\pm$	0.031	0.09	0.76	<b>38</b>	$\pm$	<b>15</b>	<b>5.65</b>	<b>0.017</b>
Female weight x number of females	<b>-0.029</b>	$\pm$	<b>0.014</b>	<b>4.23</b>	<b>0.040</b>										
Total rainfall x number of females	<b>-0.24</b>	$\pm$	<b>0.11</b>	<b>4.91</b>	<b>0.027</b>										
Group size	1.8	$\pm$	2.6	0.089	0.77	0.0012	$\pm$	0.03	0.0015	0.97	-9.9	$\pm$	10	0.85	0.36
Fetus age (days)	-45	$\pm$	20												
Fetus age <sup>2</sup> (days)	0.64	$\pm$	0.29												
Sample	360 ultrasounds from 59 females in 41 litters from 8 groups.					361 observations from 127 females in 130 litters from 11 groups					360 ultrasounds from 59 females in 41 litters from 8 groups.				

Random effects: female ID, litter ID and group ID. Model terms were scaled in GLMM analysis on number of fetuses.

**Table S2: Within- and between- female variation in fetus size**

Model terms	Effect size	±	SE	$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>
Female age (months)	0.78	±	0.35	0.045	0.83
Female age <sup>2</sup> (months)	0.00061	±	0.0041	0.021	0.89
Female weight at conception (g)	0.064	±	0.043	2.00	0.16
Rainfall during pregnancy (ml)	-0.094	±	0.23	0.17	0.68
<b>Within-female effects</b>	<b>12.24</b>	±	<b>5.63</b>	<b>4.51</b>	<b>0.034</b>
Between-female effects	9.55	±	4.76	3.38	0.066
Fetus age (days)	2.88	±	1.20		
Fetus age <sup>2</sup> (days)	-0.048	±	0.093		
Sample	360 ultrasounds from 59 females in 41 litters from 8 groups.				

Random effects: female ID, litter ID and group ID.

**Table S3: Consequences of prenatal investment – female reproductive success**

Model terms	Number of emergent pups assigned to female					Proportion of pups in a group litter assigned to female				
	Effect size ± SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>	Effect size ± SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>
Mean fetus size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0022	±	0.0017	1.66	0.20					
Relative fetus size						0.0023	±	0.0022	1.14	0.29
Number of fetuses	0.28	±	0.12	5.44	0.020					
Fetus age (days)	0.05	±	0.03			0.0025	±	0.0017		
Sample	153 observations from 78 females in 51 litters from 10 groups.					153 observations from 78 females in 51 litters from 10 groups.				

Random effects: female ID, litter ID and group ID.

**Table S4: Consequences of prenatal investment – Pup survival and growth to independence**

Model terms	Pup survival to 3 months					Pup growth (age<=90 days)				
	Effect size $\pm$ SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>	Effect size $\pm$ SE			$\chi^2$	<i>P</i>
Mean fetus size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0014	$\pm$	0.0041	0.12	0.72	0.04	$\pm$	0.06	0.34	0.56
Relative fetus size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.0063	$\pm$	0.0023	1.09	0.30					
Number of fetuses	0.02	$\pm$	0.27	0.0058	0.94	-7.0	$\pm$	5.5	1.59	0.21
Total number of pups in a group litter	-0.05	$\pm$	0.10	0.23	0.63	-0.94	$\pm$	1.55	0.37	0.54
Sex of pup						9.68	$\pm$	10.30	0.87	0.35
Pup age (days)						4.0	$\pm$	1.1		
Fetus age (days)	0.02	$\pm$	0.06			4.1	$\pm$	1.0		
Sample	131 pups from 29 litters from 8 groups.					116 pups from 26 litters from 8 groups.				

Random effects: litter ID and group ID.

**Table S5: Consequences of prenatal investment– female survival**

Female post-reproductive survival (months). Cox regression with backward selection of terms (Wald).

<b>Model terms</b>	<b>Effect size</b>	<b>±</b>	<b>SE</b>	<b>Wald <math>\chi^2</math></b>	<b>P</b>
Number of females	- 0.081	±	0.0052	2.23	0.14
<b>Total prenatal investment</b>	<b>-0.001</b>	±	<b>0.0001</b>	<b>6.57</b>	<b>0.010</b>
Number of fetuses	-0.009	±	0.121	0.006	0.94
<b>Mean fetus size (mm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>-0.005</b>	±	<b>0.001</b>	<b>12.68</b>	<b>&lt;0.001</b>
Relative fetus size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	0.001	±	0.003	0.16	0.69
Sample	109 females in 47 litters from 10 groups.				

**Table S6: Consequences of prenatal investment – female participation in next litter (y/n)**

<b>Model terms</b>	<b>Effect size</b>	<b>±</b>	<b>SE</b>	<b><math>\chi^2</math></b>	<b>P</b>
Female age (months)	-0.01	±	0.02	0.17	0.68
Female age <sup>2</sup> (months)	-0.0015	±	0.0029	0.28	0.60
Female weight at conception (g)	0	±	0.0031	0.012	0.91
Number of females	0.19	±	0.48	0.16	0.69
Mean fetus size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	-0.0012	±	0.0072	0.030	0.86
Number of fetuses	-0.87	±	0.52	3.50	0.061
Fetus age (days)	0.06	±	0.14		
Sample	105 observations from 46 females in 34 litters from 7 groups.				

Random effects: female ID, litter ID and group ID.