**Figure Legends**

**Figure 1** Viable counts of BRSA 20651 after treatment with BRE and cloxacillin either separate or in combination. CON = control, CLX (256) = cloxacillin at a concentration of 256 μg/mL, BRE (8) = *B. rotunda* extract at a concentration of 8 μg/mL, BRE (8) + CLX (1) = BRE at a concentration of 8 μg/mL plus CLX at a concentration of 1 μg/mL, BRE (16) + CLX (2) = BRE at a concentration of 16 μg/mL plus CLX at a concentration of 2 μg/mL. The values were expressed as means ± the standard errors of the means (SEM) obtained from six replications.

**Figure 2** Ultrastructure of BRSA 20651 grown in the MHB with and without antimicrobial agents. **a** = control (bar = 500 nm, 15,000x; inset: bar = 200 nm, 29,000x); **b** = cells treated with BRE at a concentration of 8 µg/mL (bar = 200 nm, 15,000x; inset: bar = 100 nm, 29,000x); **c** = cells treated with CLX at a concentration of 256 µg/mL (bar = 200 nm, 29,000x; inset: bar = 500 nm, 19,500x); **d** = cells treated with BRE (6 µg/mL) plus CLX (0.5 µg/mL) (bar = 200 nm, 29,000x; inset: bar = 100 nm, 29,000x). The black arrows indicate the site of damage.

**Figure 3** Effect of BRE and CLX either used alone or in combination on the cell area of BRSA 20651. CON= control, CLX (256) = cells treated with CLX at a concentration of 256 μg/mL, BRE (8) = cells treated with BRE at 8 μg/mL, BRE (6) + CLX (0.5) = cells treated with BRE at 6 μg/mL plus CLX at 0.5 μg/mL. The area of the cell was determined by the cell width multiplied by cell length (nm2). The different superscript alphabet represents a statistical significant difference using one-way ANOVA with Tukey’s HSD (*p* < 0.05). The data were expressed as mean ± standard error of the mean (SEM).

**Figure 4** Cytoplasmic membrane permeabilisation of BRSA 20651. CON = control, CLX (256) = CLX at 256 μg/mL, BRE (8) = BRE at 8 μg/mL, BRE (6) + CLX (0.5) = BRE at 6 μg/mL plus CLX at 0.5 μg/mL. NIS (8) = Nisin at 8 μg/mL. Data were expressed as mean ± standard error of the mean (SEM) from 6 repetitions. The results were analysed and compared by One-way ANOVA followed by Tukey’s HSD Post-hoc test. The different alphabetic characters represent a statistically significant difference between each group (*p* < 0.01).